CPA Australia's Asia-Pacific Small Business Survey 2021-22

15 June 2022

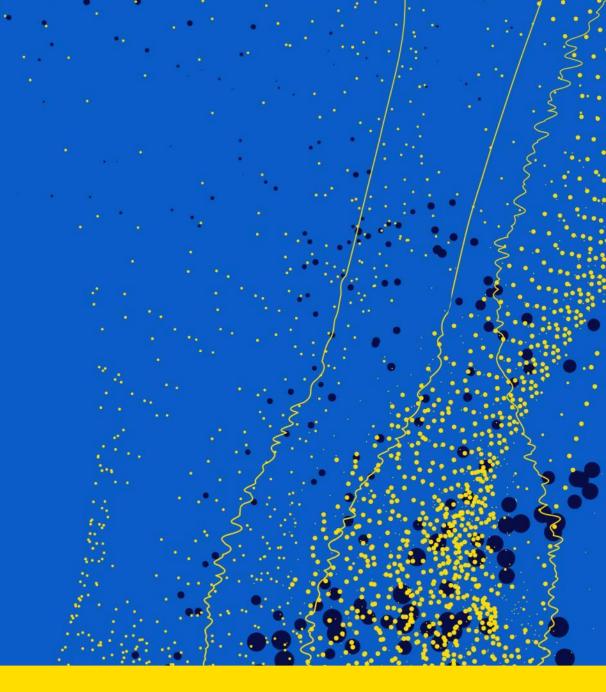




About the survey

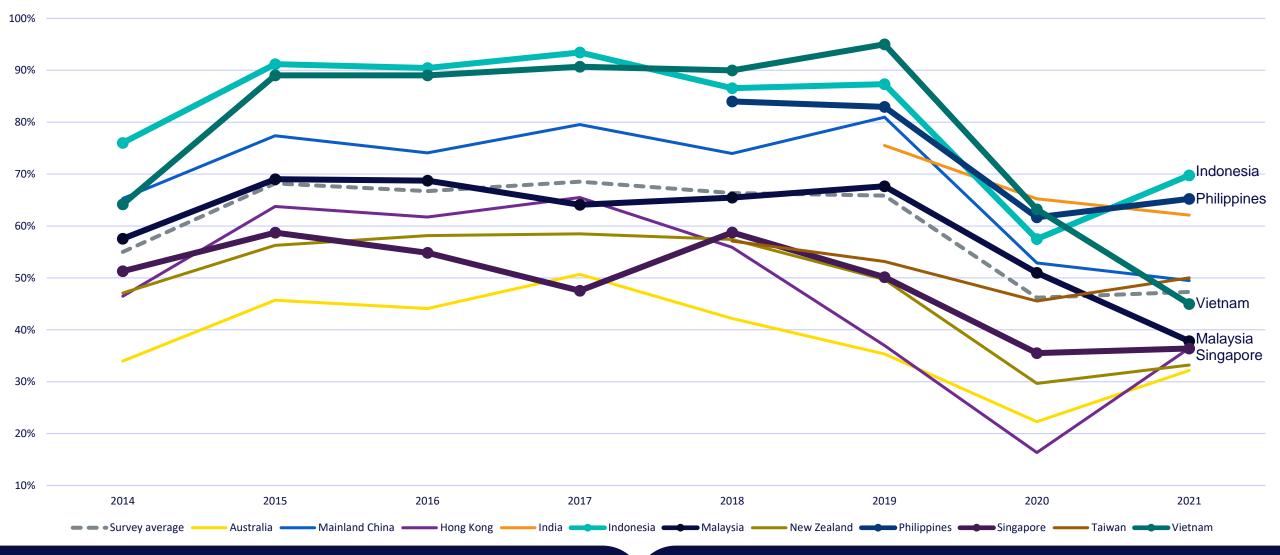
- This is CPA Australia's 13th annual survey of small business issues and sentiment across 11 Asia-Pacific markets. From the commencement of the survey in 2009, we have surveyed over 35,000 small businesses across the region.
- The survey was conducted from 22 November to 17 December 2021 among a random sample of small business owners/managers from organisations with fewer than 20 employees.
- The findings for the survey come from 4,252 small businesses in 11 markets across Australia, Mainland China, Hong Kong, India, Indonesia, Malaysia, New Zealand, Philippines, Singapore, Taiwan, and Vietnam.
- There were 301 from Indonesia, 304 from Malaysia, 302 from the Philippines, 305 from Singapore, and 309 from Vietnam.

Small business performance in 2021



The past two years have been difficult for many of the region's small businesses. No market has been immune from the negative economic impacts of COVID-19

Small businesses that grew in the previous 12 months – over time and by market



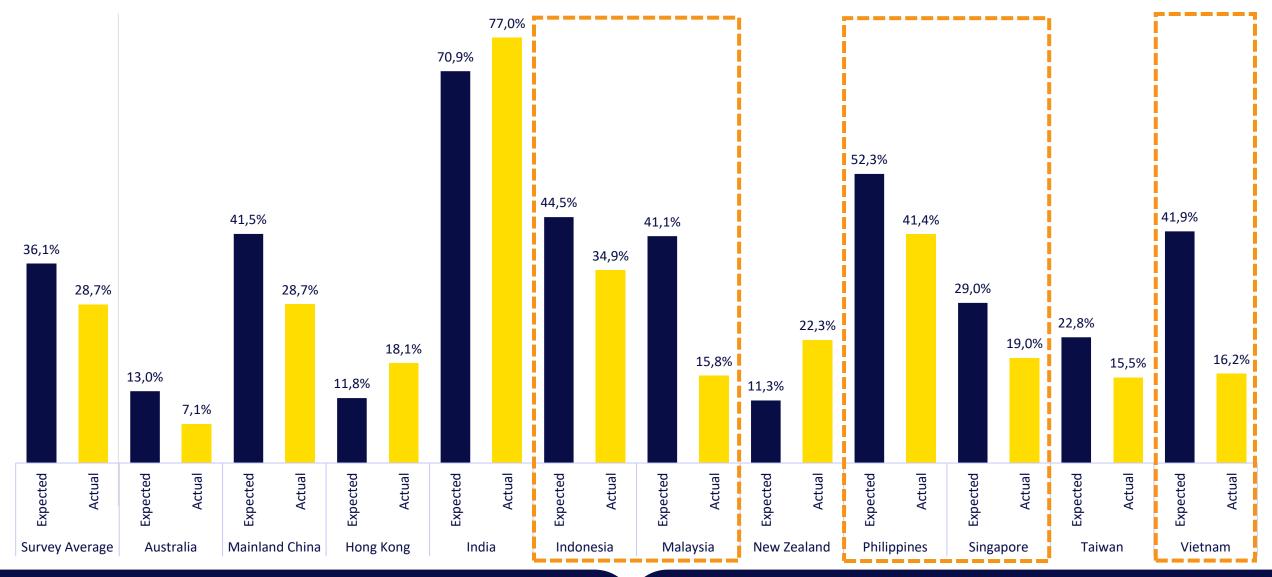
Small business performance in 2021 by market



Asia Pacific Small Business Survey 2021-22

Reflecting a weaker than expected 2021, most markets did not meet their expectations for adding to their headcount

Actual increase in employee numbers in 2021 compared to expected increase



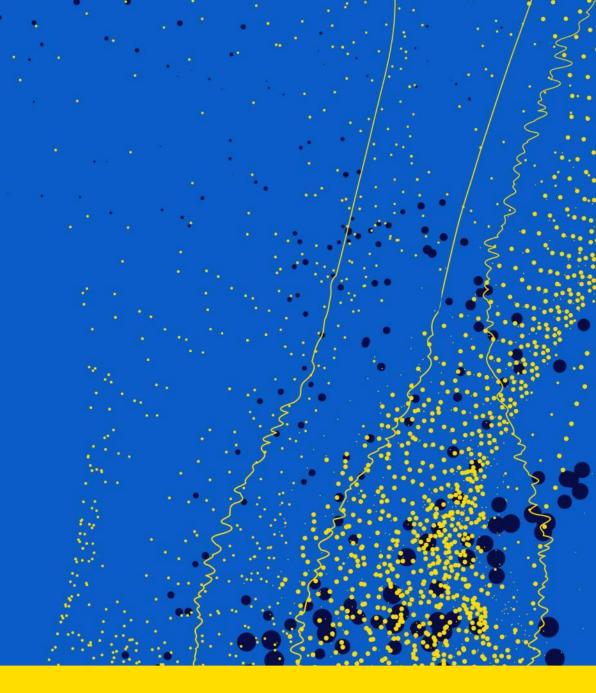
Top-three positive influences on business in 2021 – by market

	First	Second	Third	
Australia	Customer loyalty (37.8%)	COVID-19 (20.2%)	Good staff (21.2%)	
Mainland China	Entering new markets (22.2%)	Improved customer satisfaction (22.2%)	Improved business management (20.5%)	
Hong Kong	Cost control (36.1%)	Customer loyalty (32.9%)	Good staff (21.6%)	
India	Improved customer satisfaction (38.7%)	COVID-19 (35.6%)	Cost control (34.7%)	
Indonesia	Customer loyalty (37.2%)	Improved customer satisfaction (36.9%)	Improved business strategy (36.5%)	
Malaysia	Customer loyalty (38.2%)	E-commerce (31.9%)	COVID-19 (28.3%)	
New Zealand	Customer loyalty (38.7%)	Good staff (22.9%)	COVID-19 (17.1%) Improved business strategy (17.1%) Improved customer satisfaction (17.1%)	
Philippines	Customer loyalty (37.4%)	Improved customer satisfaction (30.5%)	Good staff (30.1%)	
Singapore	Government support/incentives (25.6%)	Customer loyalty (25.2%)	Cost control (23.3%)	
Taiwan	COVID-19 (38.4%)	Customer loyalty (24.8%)	Cost control (21.9%)	
Vietnam	Technology (46.0%)	Government support/incentives (34.0%)	E-commerce (32.7%)	

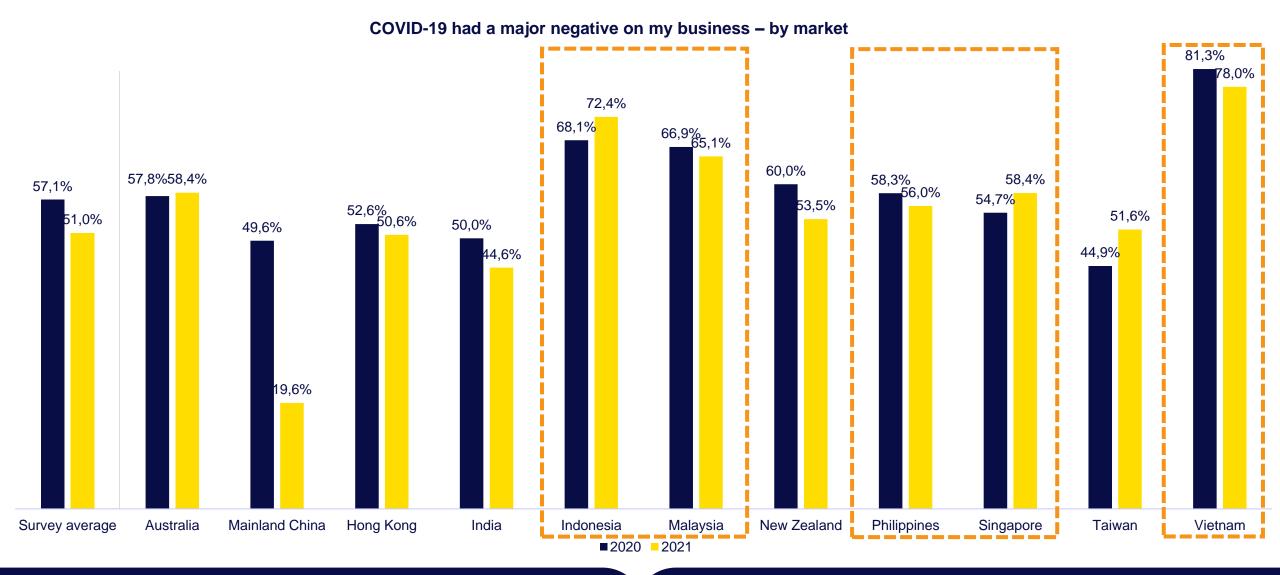
Top-three negative influences on business in 2021 – by market

	First	Second	Third
Australia	COVID-19 (58.4%)	Increasing costs (24.9%)	Poor overall economic environment (22.5%)
Mainland China	Increasing costs (24.3%)	COVID-19 (19.6%)	Difficulty expanding into new markets (18.9%)
Hong Kong	COVID-19 (50.6%)	Increasing costs (31.0%)	Poor overall economic environment (30.3%)
India	COVID-19 (44.6%)	Increasing costs (39.4%)	Increasing competition (36.4%)
Indonesia	COVID-19 (72.4%)	Increasing competition (32.2%)	Increasing costs (24.9%)
Malaysia	COVID-19 (65.1%)	Poor overall economic environment (34.2%)	Increasing costs (33.2%)
New Zealand	COVID-19 (53.5%)	Increasing costs (28.7%)	Government regulation (21.3%)
Philippines	COVID-19 (56.0%)	Increasing costs (30.5%)	Increasing competition (28.5%)
Singapore	COVID-19 (58.4%)	Increasing costs (28.5%)	Poor overall economic environment (23,0%)
Taiwan	COVID-19 (51.6%)	Poor overall economic environment (31.3%)	Increasing costs (27.1%)
Vietnam	COVID-19 (78.0%)	Increasing costs (32.0%)	Poor overall economic environment (29.4%)

Impact of COVID-19 on Asia-Pacific small businesses

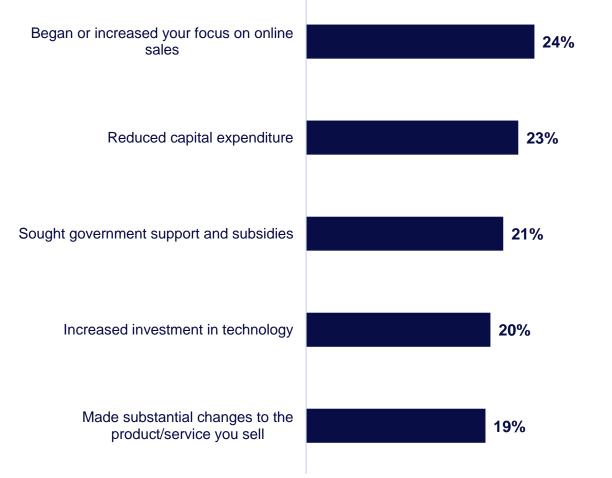


COVID-19 and the measures taken to control it had a major negative impact on most small businesses across the region

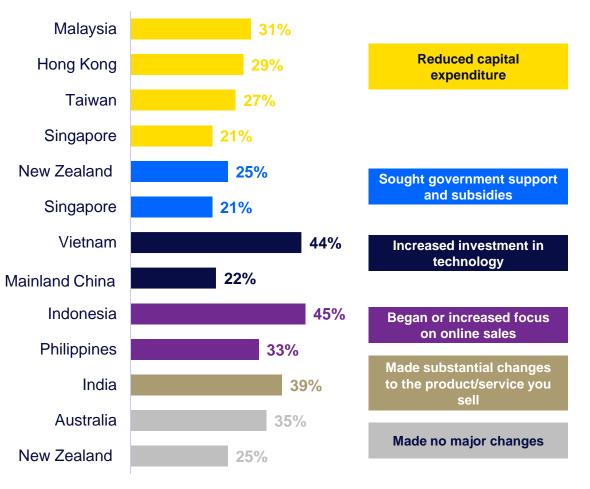


Using online sales is the top action small businesses undertook in response to COVID-19

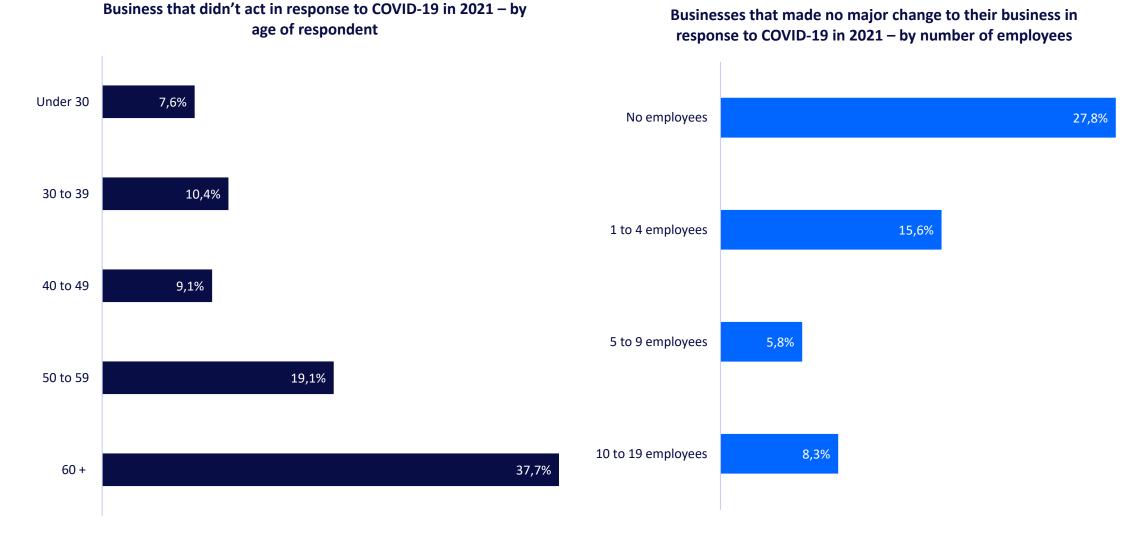
Major actions small businesses undertook in response to COVID-19



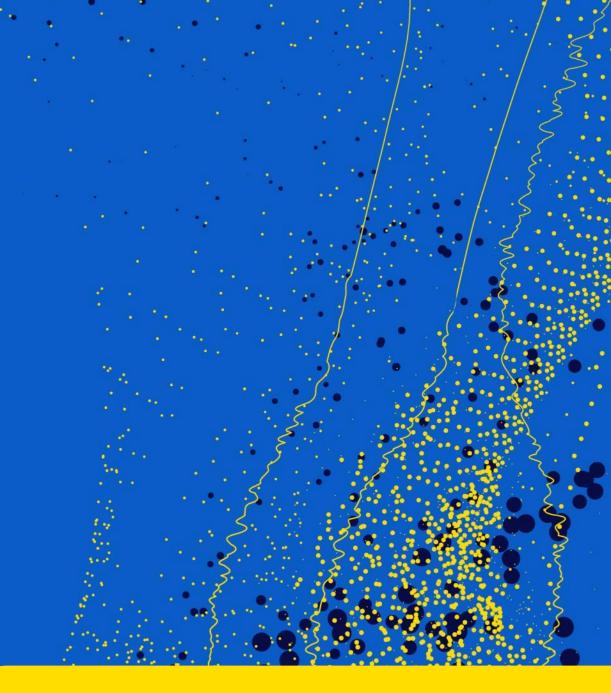
The top action small businesses was most likely to have undertaken in response to COVID-19 – by market



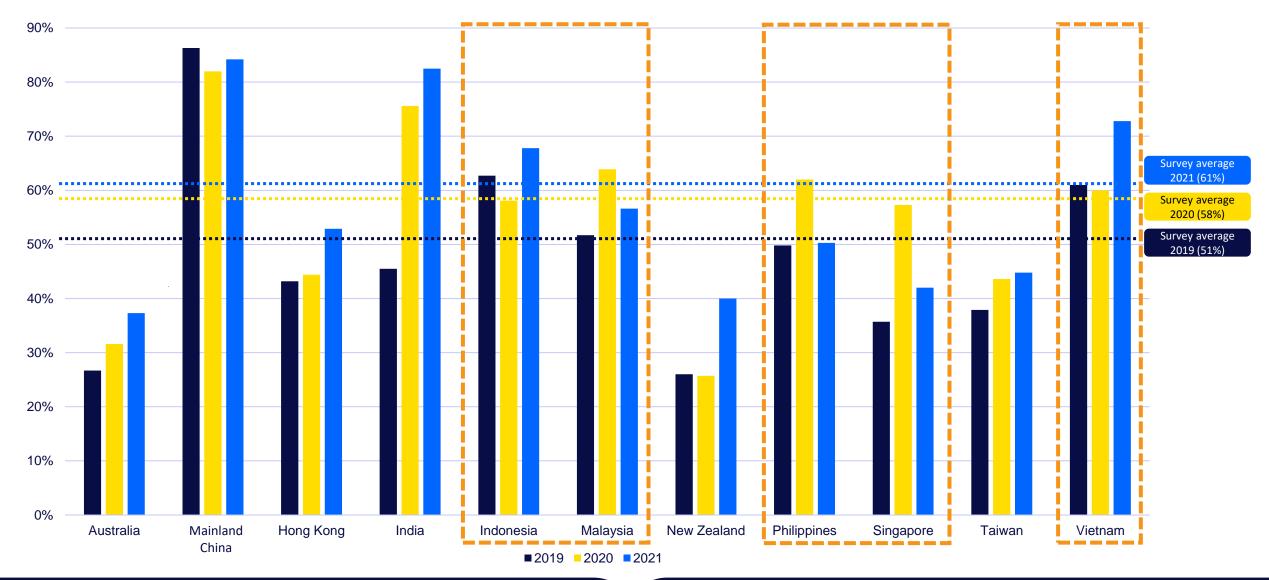
Businesses with older respondents and less employees were much more likely to take no action in response to COVID-19 in 2021



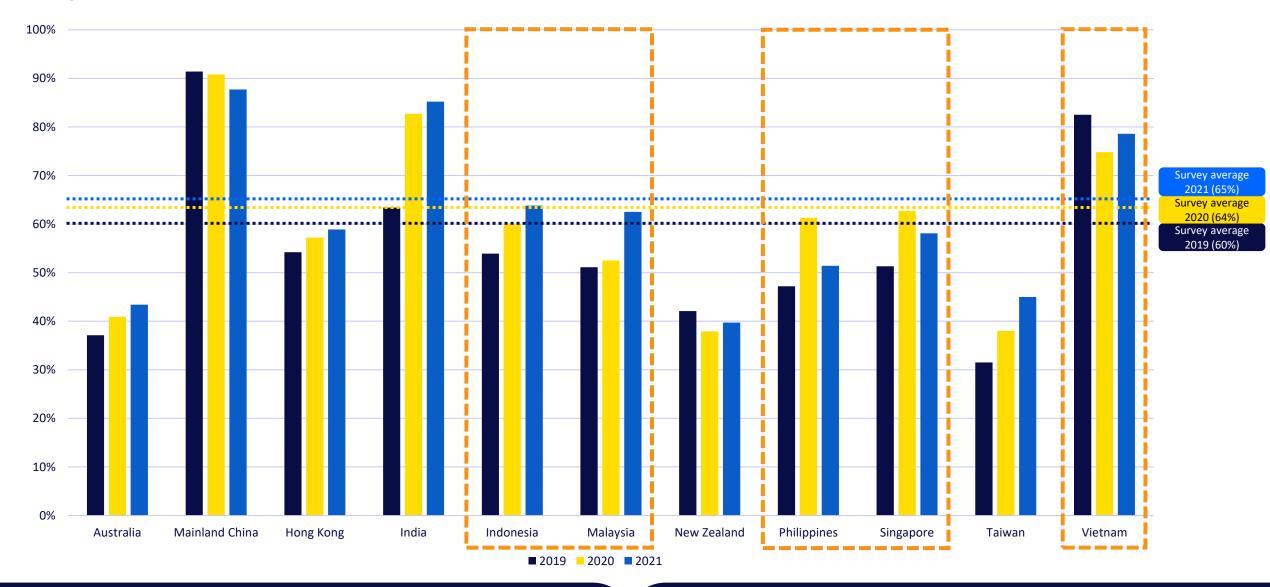
Small business and technology



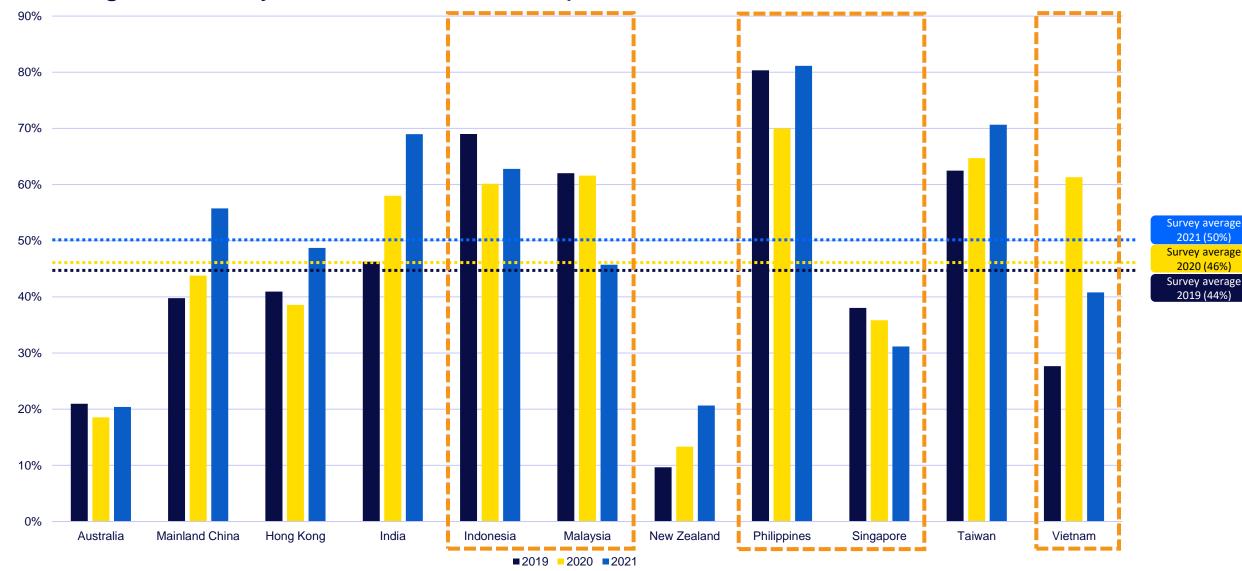
Percentage of business earning more than 10 per cent of revenue online – by market in 2021 compared with 2020 and 2019



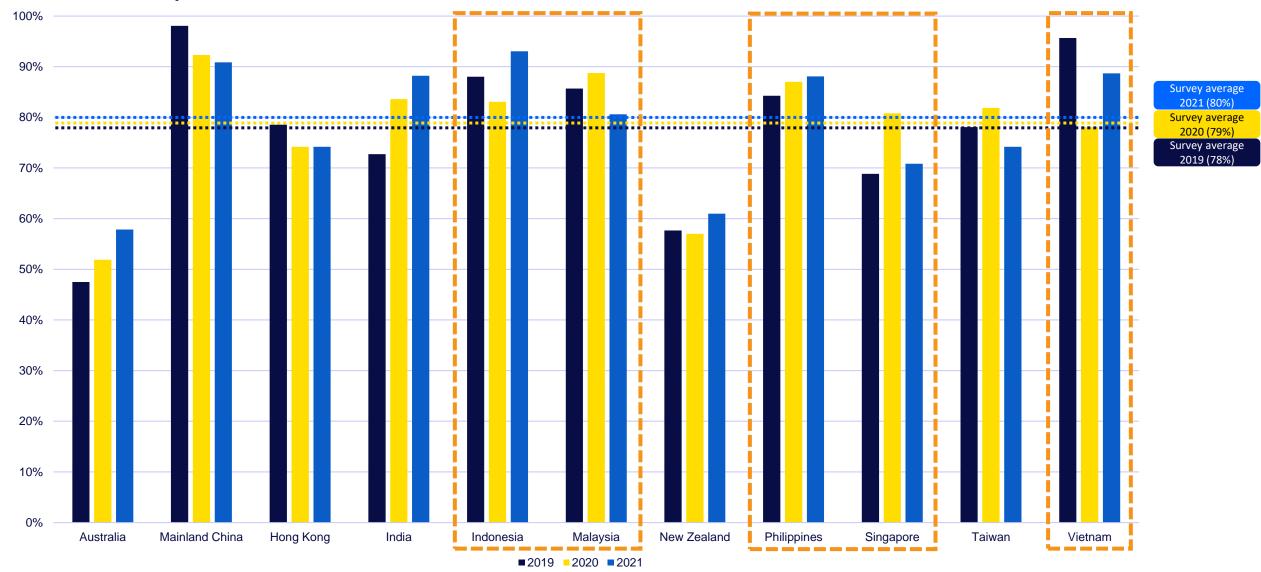
Percentage of businesses receiving more than 10 per cent of their sales through digital payment options – by market in 2021 compared with 2020 and 2019



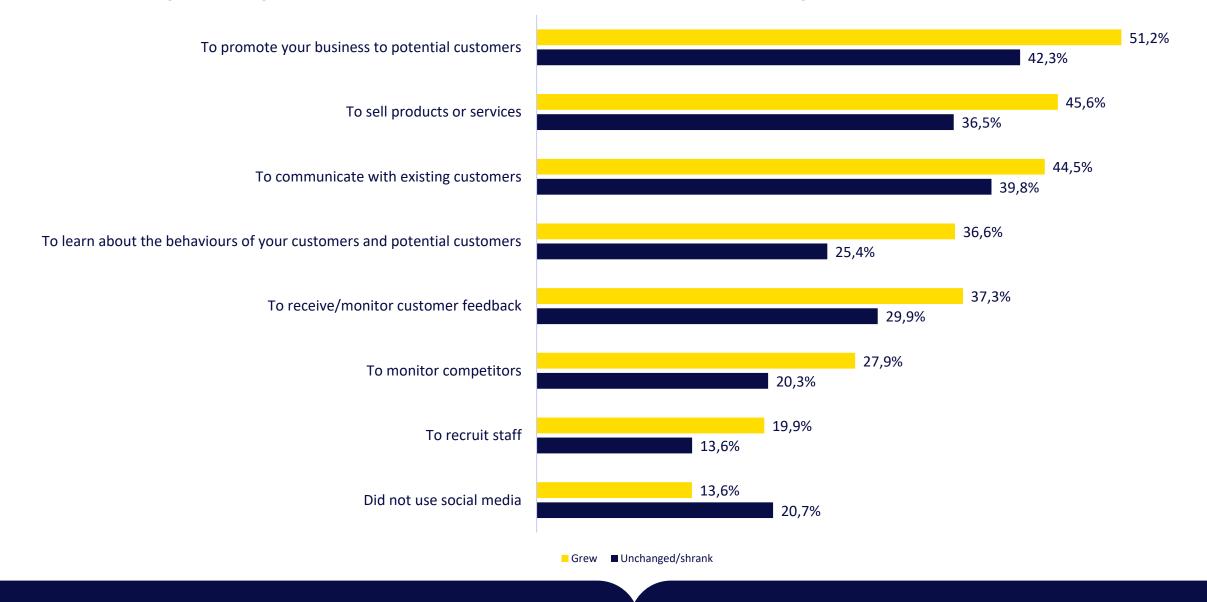
Percentage of businesses receiving more than 50 per cent or more of their sales through cash— by market in 2021 compared with 2020 and 2019



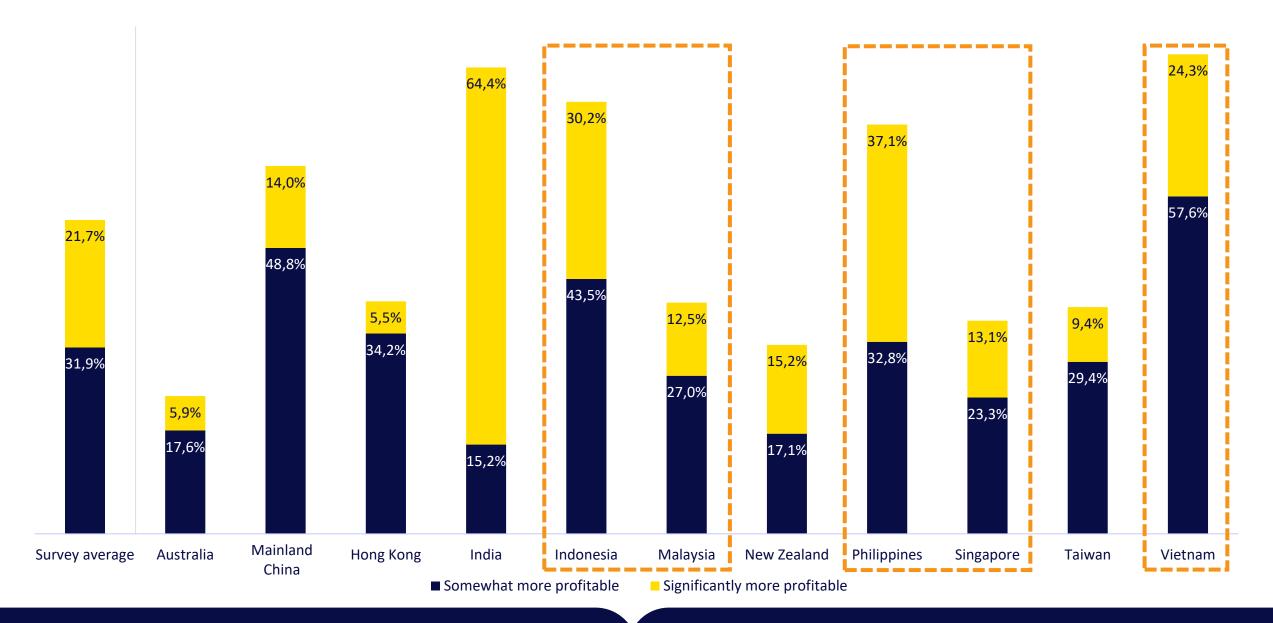
Percentage of businesses using social media for business purposes – by market in 2021 compared with 2020 and 2019



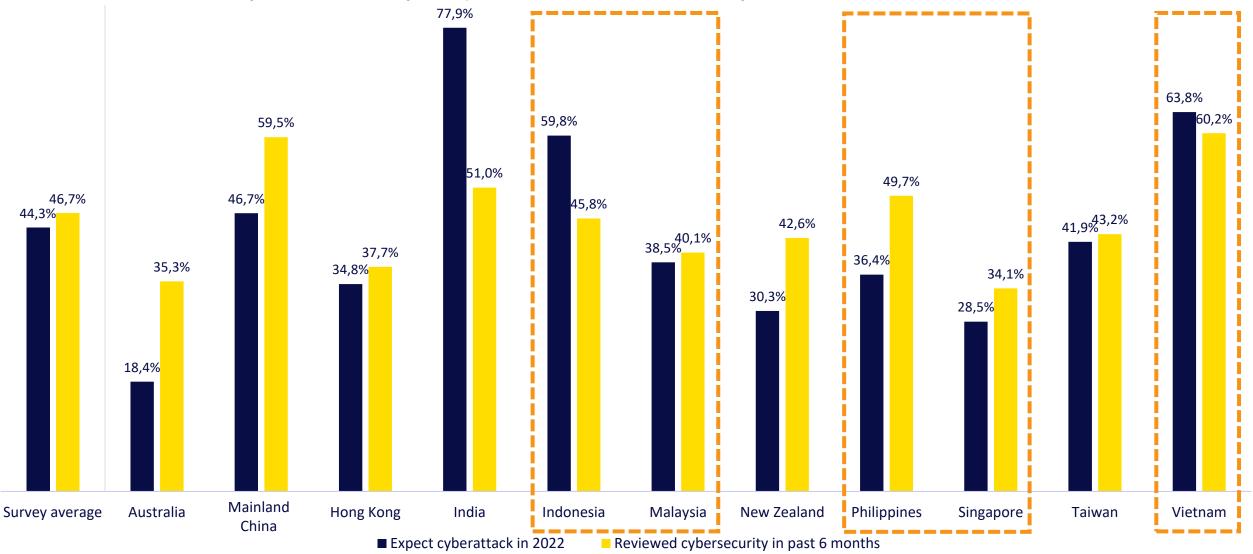
What small businesses use social media for – comparison of businesses that reported growing in 2021 with those that were unchanged or shrank



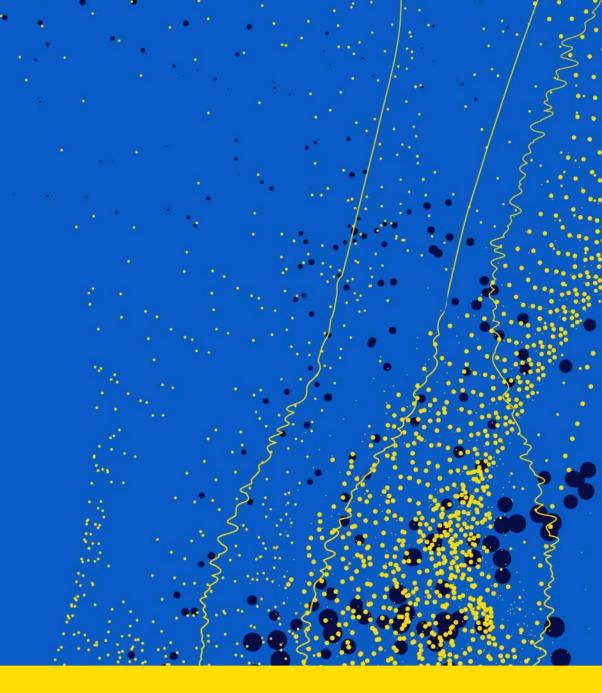
Investment in technology in 2021 made the business more profitable – by market



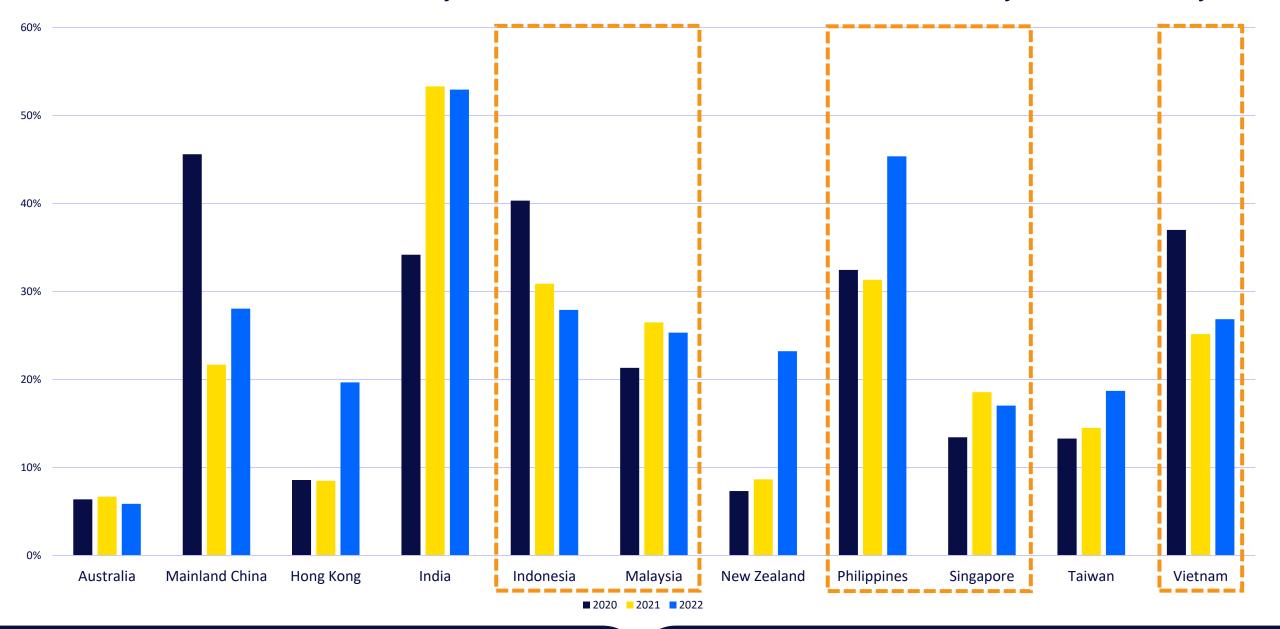
Comparison of those who believe a cyberattack is likely in 2022 against those that reviewed their cybersecurity in past six months – by market



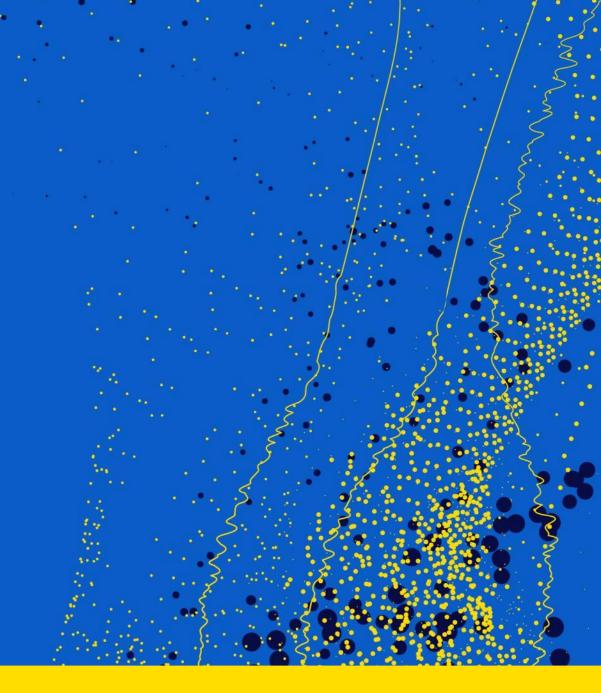
Small business and innovation



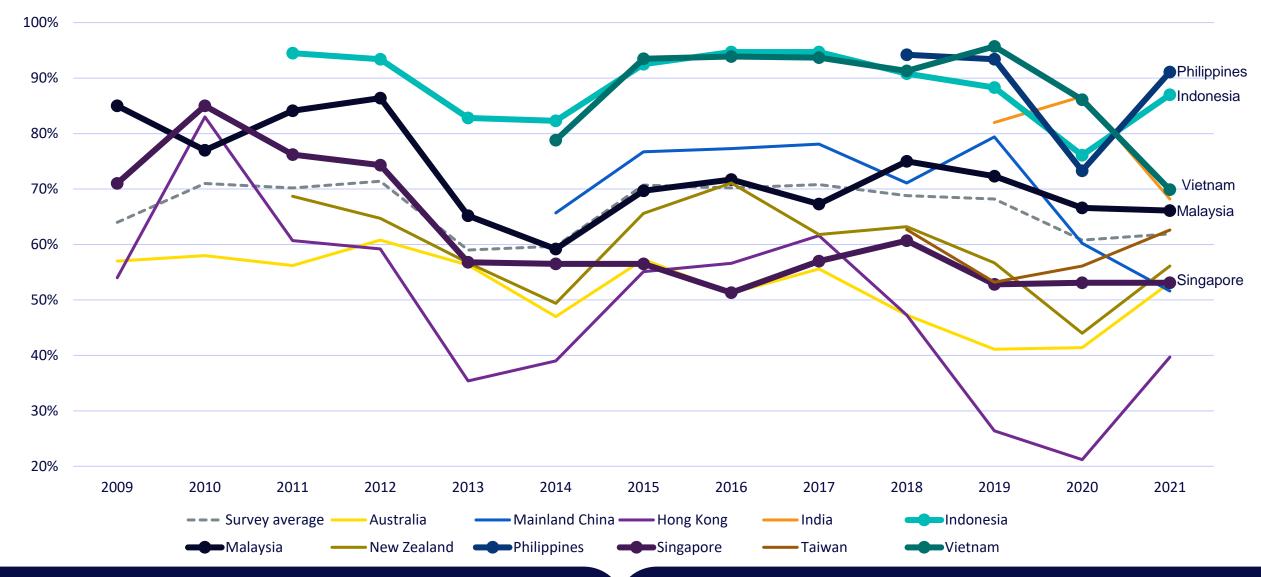
Small businesses that state they will innovate in the next 12 months - by market and year



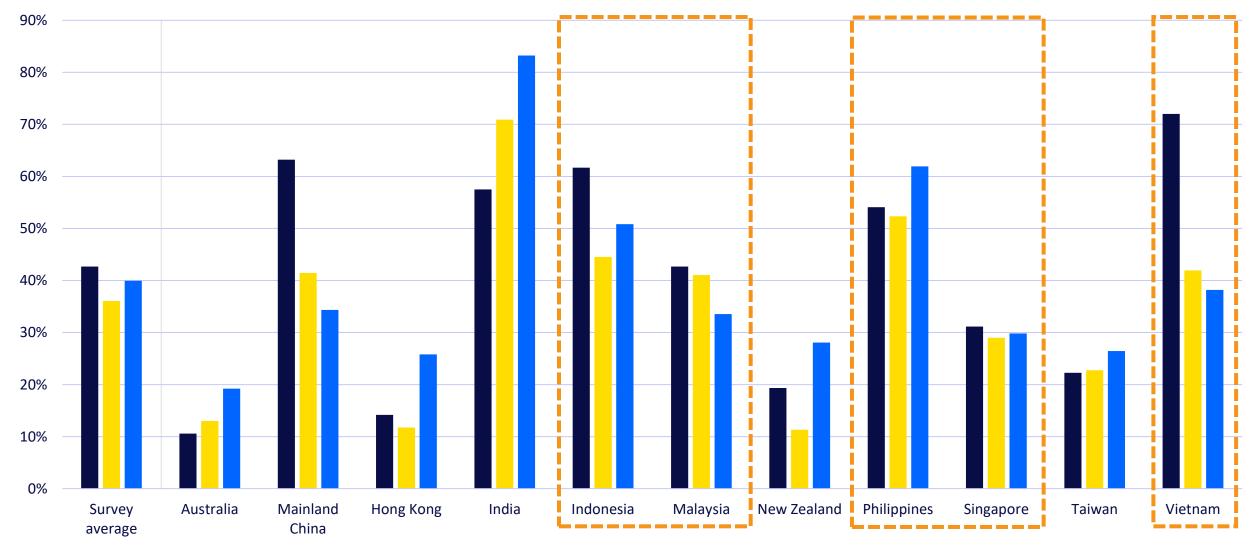
Small business expectations in 2022



Small businesses that expect to grow in the next 12 months – a comparison by market and over time

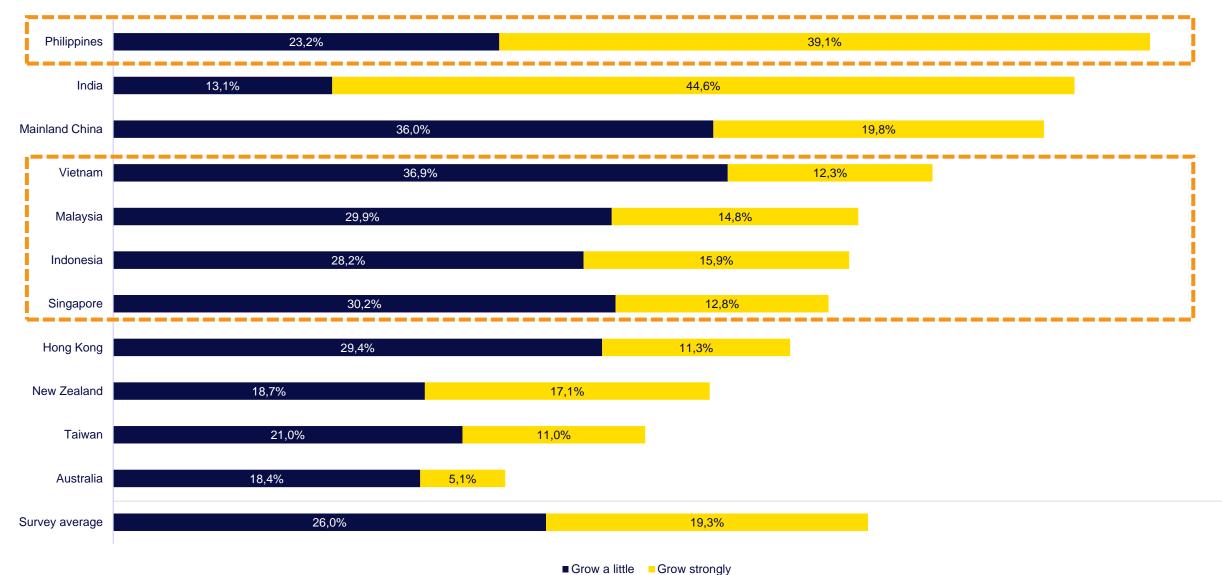


Expect to increase employee numbers over the next 12 months from the previous 12 months – by market and over time

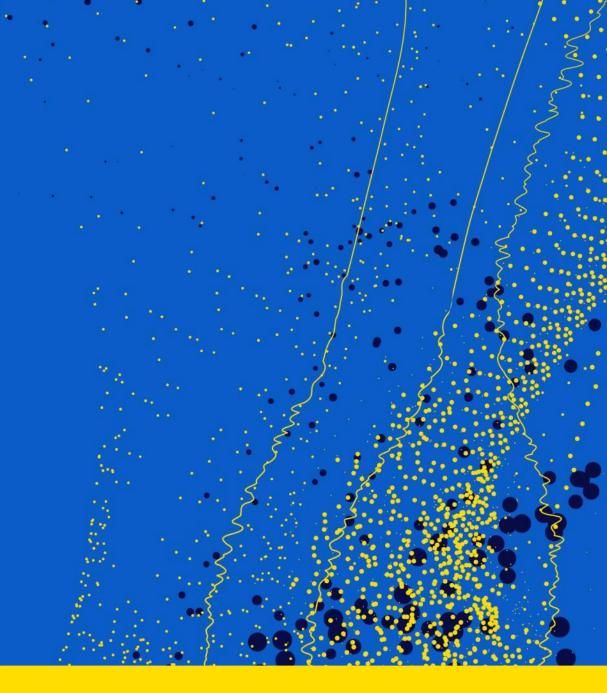


■ 2020 **■** 2021 **■** 2022

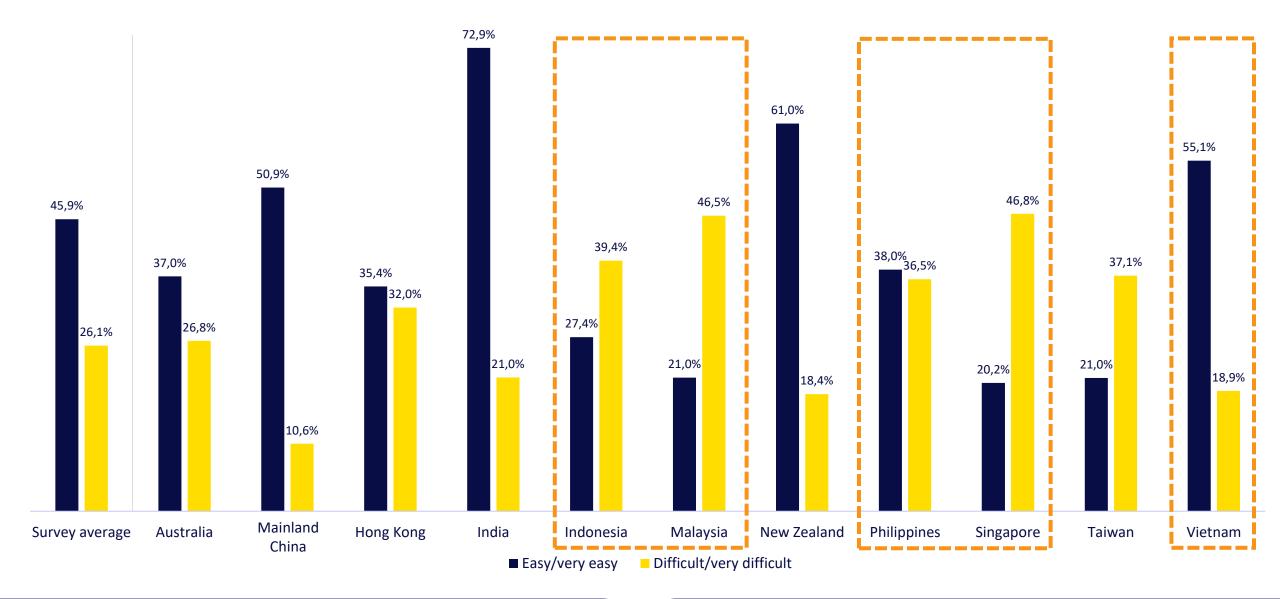
Small businesses expecting revenue from overseas sales will grow in 2022 - by market



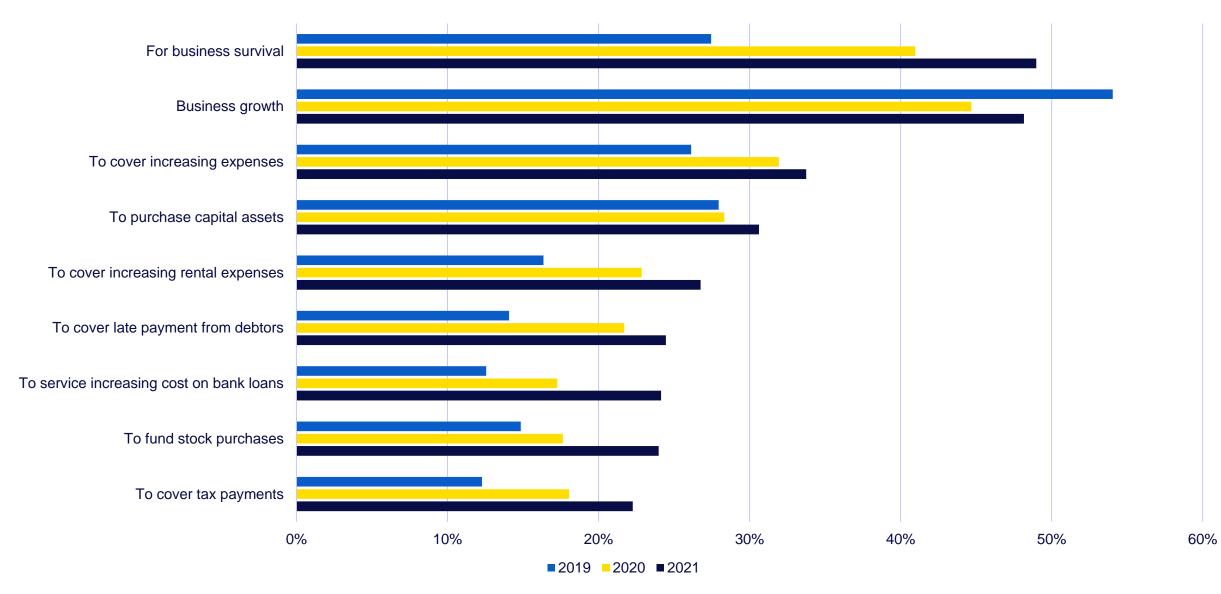
Access to finance



Business experience in accessing finance in 2021 – by market



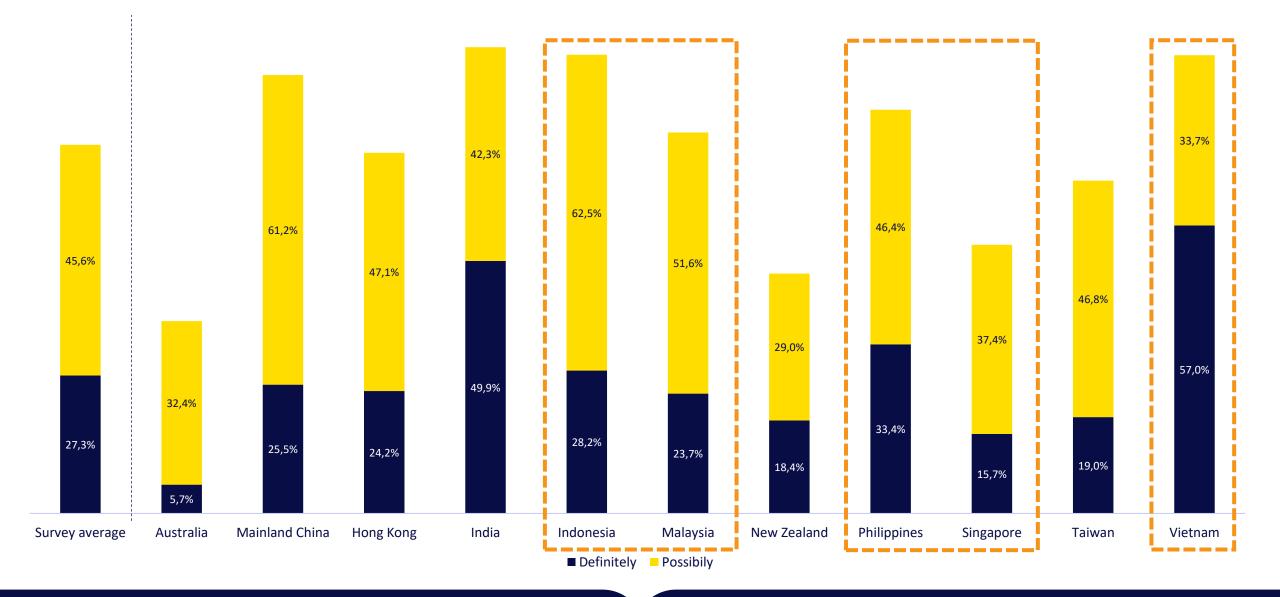
Reasons for seeking external finance in the past 12 months – by year



Top-three sources of external finance in 2021 by market

	Most popular	Second most popular	Third most popular
Survey average	Bank (34.2%)	Friends or family (15.8%)	Personal resources (13.8%)
Australia	Bank (44.2%)	Personal resources (15.9%) Government grant/funds (15.9%)	Friends or family (11.6%)
Mainland China	Bank (43.2%)	Investor (14.5%)	Non-bank financial institution (10.6%)
Hong Kong	Bank (39.8%)	Investor (19.9%)	Government grant/funds (13.8%)
India	Friends or family (36.7%)	Personal resources (25.8%)	Bank (16.5%)
Indonesia	Bank (34.0%)	Friends or family (14.5%)	Personal resources (13.7%)
Malaysia	Bank (36.3%)	Government grant/funds (17.8%)	Personal resources (12.1%)
New Zealand	Government grant/funds (28.4%)	Bank (24.1%)	Personal resources (10.6%)
Philippines	Friends or family (44.5%)	Personal resources (20.5%)	Bank (13.0%)
Singapore	Bank (27.5%)	Government grant/funds (17.4%)	Personal resources (13.8%)
Taiwan	Bank (28.0%)	Government grant/funds (18.2%)	Personal resources (16.1%)
Vietnam	Bank (66.3%)	Friends or family (10.3%)	Personal resources (5.3%) Investor (5.3%)

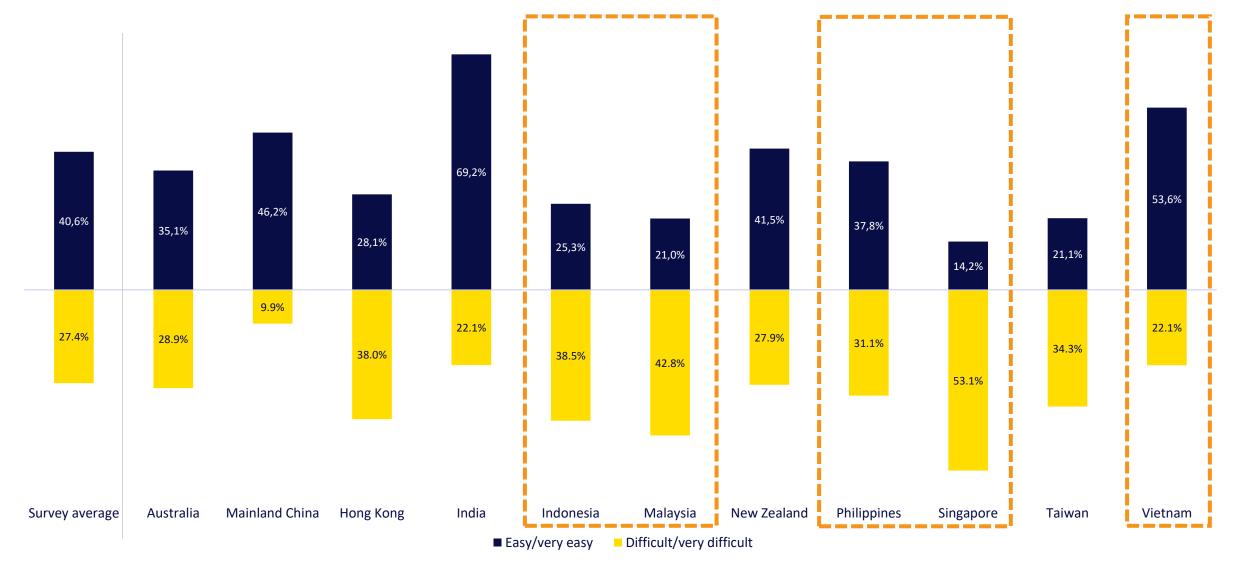
The percentage of businesses that expect to require external finance in 2022 - by market



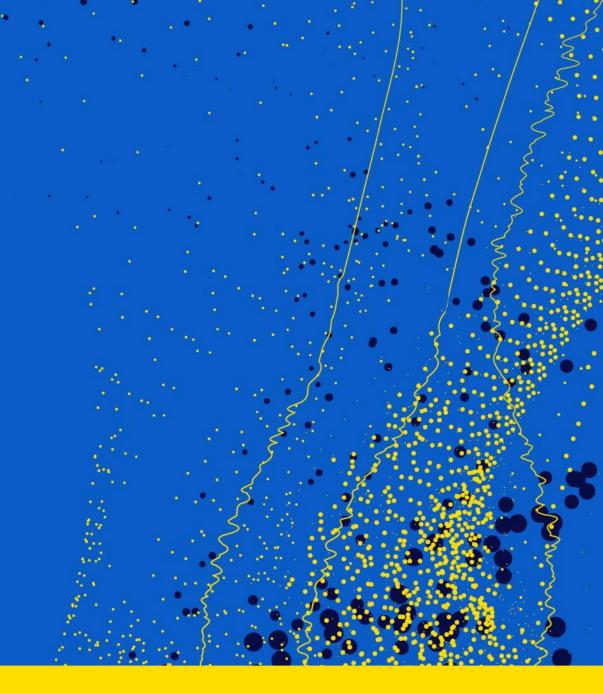
Top three anticipated reasons for seeking external finance in 2022 – by market

	Most anticipated reason	Nost anticipated reason Second most anticipated reason	
Survey average	Business growth (52.4%)	Business survival (42.7%)	Cover increasing expenses (33.6%)
Australia	Business growth (52.6%)	Cover increasing expenses (28.9%)	Business survival (26.8%)
Mainland China	Business growth (44.6%)	Business survival (32.4%) Cover increasing expense	
Hong Kong	Business survival (53.8%)	Business growth (48.9%)	Cover increasing expenses (45.2%)
India	Business growth (63.4%)	Cover increasing expenses (53.7%)	Purchase capital assets (52.5%)
Indonesia	Business growth (68.1%)	Business survival (53.8%)	Purchase capital assets (28.2%)
Malaysia	Business growth (60.3%)	Business survival (45.4%)	Cover increasing expenses (32.4%)
New Zealand	Business survival (37.4%)	Cover increasing expenses (36.1%)	Business growth (35.4%)
Philippines	Business growth (53.1%)	Business survival (33.6%)	Cover increasing expenses (32.4%)
Singapore	Business growth (50.0%)	Business survival (35.2%)	Cover increasing expenses (34.0%)
Taiwan	Business growth (49.5%)	Business survival (41.7%)	Cover increasing expenses (22.5%)
Vietnam	Business survival (57.9%)	Business growth (44.3%)	Cover increasing expenses (22.1%)

Of those that expect to access external finance in 2022, the percentage that expect easy or very easy financing conditions compared with those expecting difficult conditions



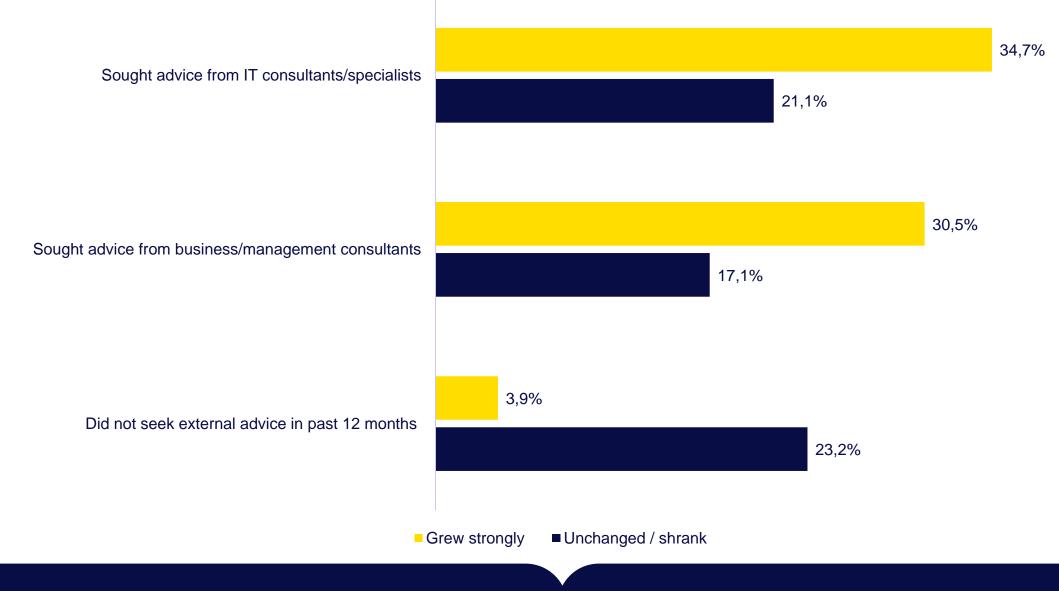
Sources of business advice



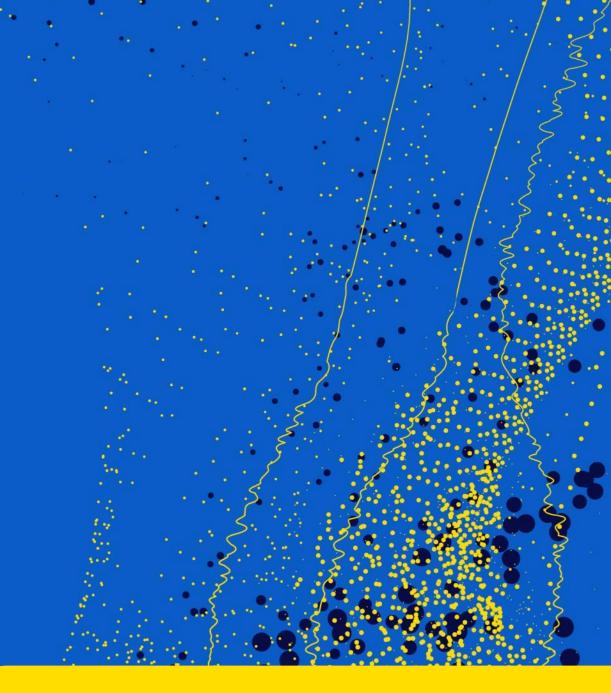
Most popular sources of business advice in 2021 – by market

	Most popular	Second most popular	Third most popular	Did not seek advice
Survey average	Friends or family (27.1%)	Business partner or mentor (25.4%)	IT consultants/specialists (23.8%)	16.4%
Australia	Accountants (35.3%)	Friends and family (15.3%)	A bank or finance company (11.0%)	34.1%
Mainland China	IT consultants/specialists (29.5%)	A bank or finance company (26.0%)	Business partner or mentor (23.2%)	9.4%
Hong Kong	A bank or finance company (32.6%)	Accountants (26.1%)	IT consultants/specialists (21.6%)	21.9%
India	IT consultants/specialists (48.6%)	Friends and family (48.4%)	Business partner or mentor (41.9%)	3.2%
Indonesia	Business partner or mentor (42.2%)	Friends and family (37.9%)	Business/management consultants (27.9%)	5.6%
Malaysia	Friends and family (33.9%)	Business partner or mentor (31.6%)	A bank or finance company (27.0%)	18.8%
New Zealand	Accountants (31.9%)	Friends and family (24.5%)	Business partner or mentor (21.0%)	24.5%
Philippines	Friends and family (49.0%)	Business partner or mentor (31.8%)	Business/management consultants (24.5%)	9.3%
Singapore	Friends and family (20.7%)	Business partner or mentor (20.0%)	Business/management consultants (17.4%)	29.2%
Taiwan	Friends and family (31.9%)	Accountants (22.3%)	Business partner or mentor (19.0%)	22.3%
Vietnam	A bank or finance company (46.9%)	IT consultants/specialists (42.1%)	Business partner or mentor (24.9%)	9.4%

High growth businesses were more likely to seek professional advice



Lessons from high-growth small businesses in the Asia-Pacific



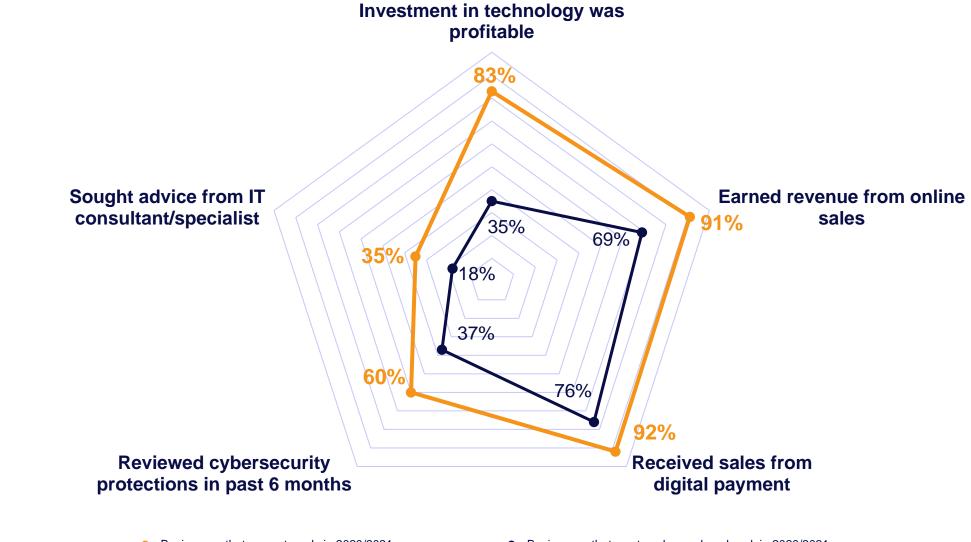
Top four actions high-growth businesses undertook in response to COVID-19 in 2020 and 2021



25%

Increased Investment into technology

Asia Pacific Small Business Survey 2021-22 – Mainland China results

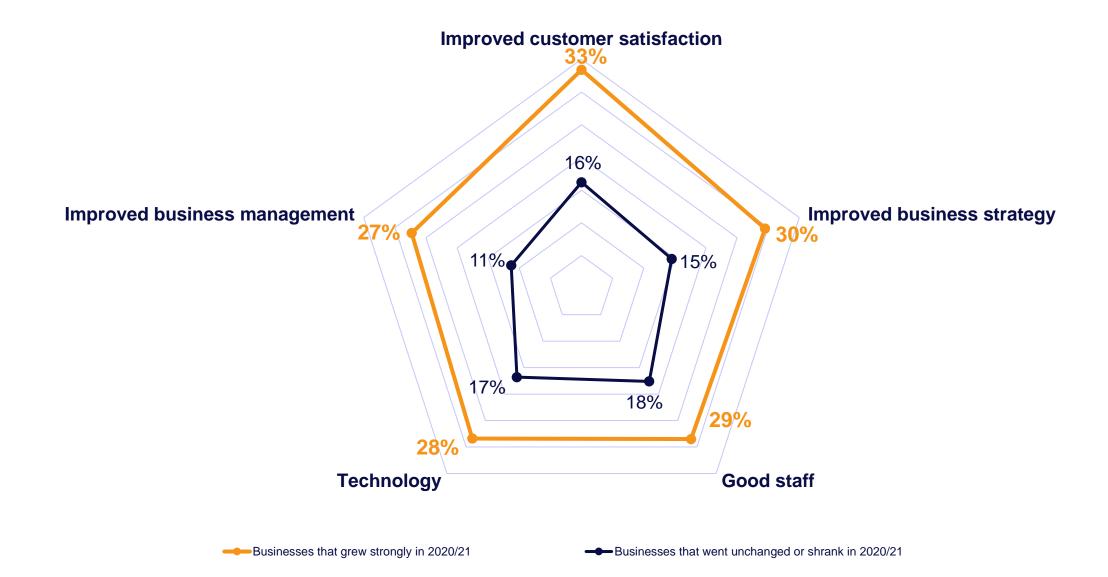


High-growth small businesses are more likely to adopt technology and e-commerce

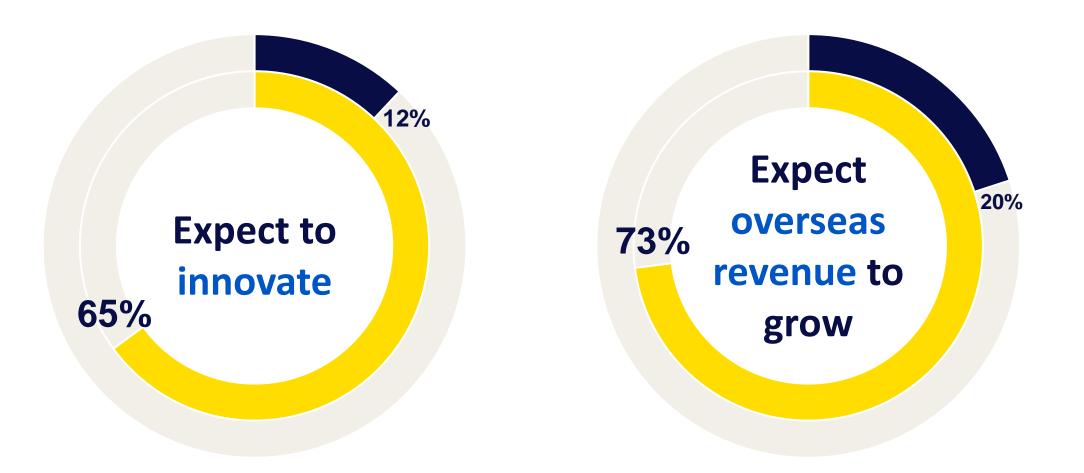
Businesses that grew strongly in 2020/2021

-Businesses that went unchanged or shrank in 2020/2021

High-growth small businesses focused more on customer satisfaction and improving business strategy



Businesses that expect to grow strongly in 2022 are more likely to expect to innovate and sell overseas



Businesses that expect to grow strongly in 2022

Businesses that expect to not to change or shrink in 2022

Thank you



